



ISRA UNIVERSITY

Islamabad Campus

Department of Electrical Engineering

Program: B.E. (Electrical)

Semester – Summer 2016

MS-121 Linear Algebra

Quiz – 1

Marks: 20

Handout Date: 2/08/2016

Question # 1:

Solve the following system by using the Gauss-Jordan elimination method:

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 5 \\ 2x + 3y + 5z = 8 \\ 4x + 5z = 2 \end{cases}$$

Solution:

The augmented matrix of the system is as following:

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 8 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

Perform row operations until a reduced row echelon form is obtained:

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow{-2R_1+R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & 5 & 2 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{-4R_1+R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -4 & 1 & -18 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{4R_2+R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 13 & -26 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{13}R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{-3R_3+R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{-1R_3+R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \\ & \xrightarrow{-1R_2+R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Hence the solution is:

$$x = 3, y = 4, z = -2$$

Question # 2:

Find the determinant of the matrix with row reduction method or cofactor expansion:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution:Row Reduction Method:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-3R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-1R_1 + R_4 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-3R_3 + R_4 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Restore the } R_3 \text{ to original} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Multiply the main diagonal elements:

$$-(1 \times 1 \times (-6) \times 5) \Rightarrow 30 \text{ Ans}$$

Cofactor Expansion:

$$\det(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix}; \text{expand with second column}$$

$$\det(A) = -0 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = -0 + 0 - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0$$

(a)

$$\det(a) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix}; \text{expand with second column}$$

$$\det(a) = -2 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - 5 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$
$$\det(a) = -2(0 - 5) + 0 - 5(5 + 3)$$

$\Rightarrow -30$; putting it back in main determinant

$$\det(A) = -0 + 0 - 1 \begin{matrix} (-30) \\ (a) \end{matrix} + 0 \Rightarrow 30 \text{ Ans}$$
