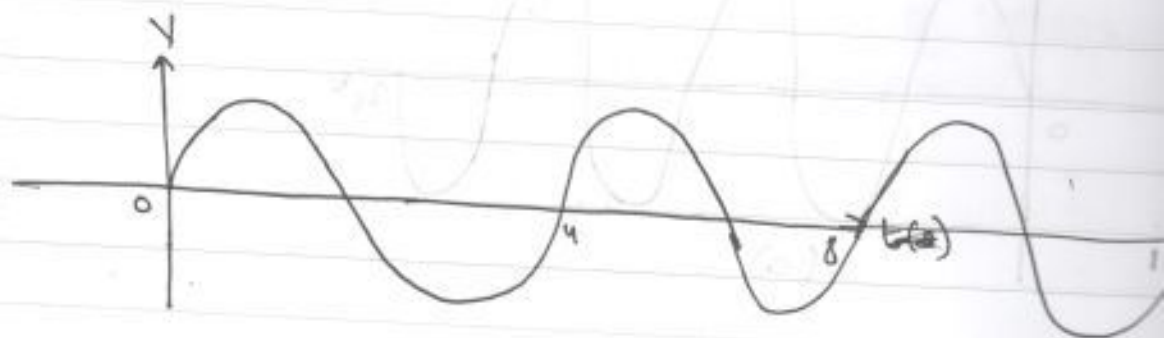


Day/Date Fri / 16-03-18

EXAMPLE #1:-



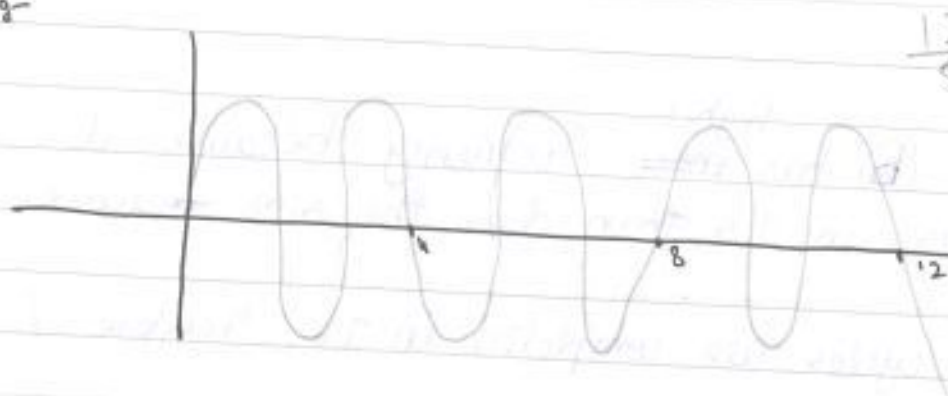
Sol:-

It takes 4 seconds (4s) to complete each cycle. Therefore the period is 4s.

$$T = 4s.$$

Q:- What is the period if the sine wave goes through 5 cycles in 12s?

A:-



$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

$$T = 12s$$

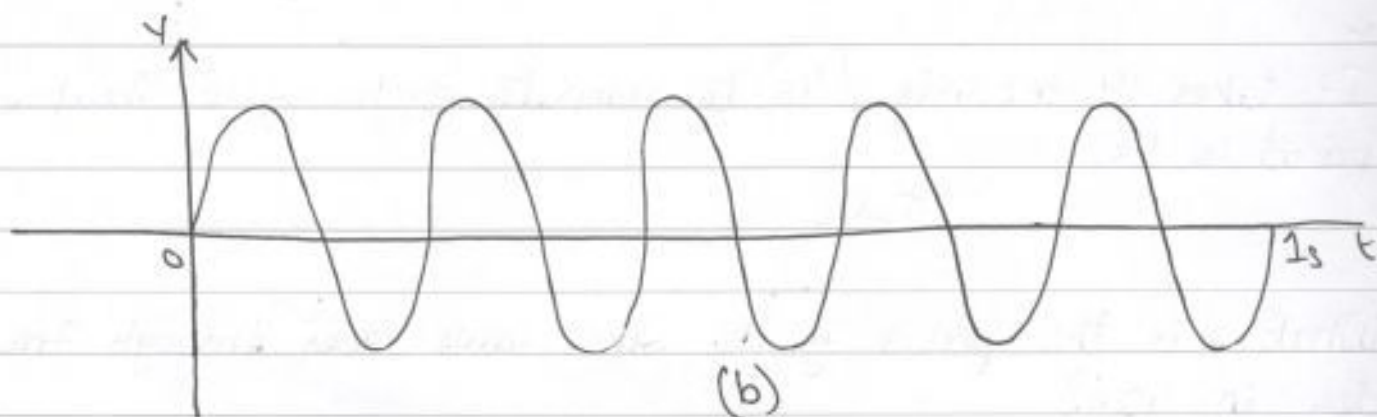
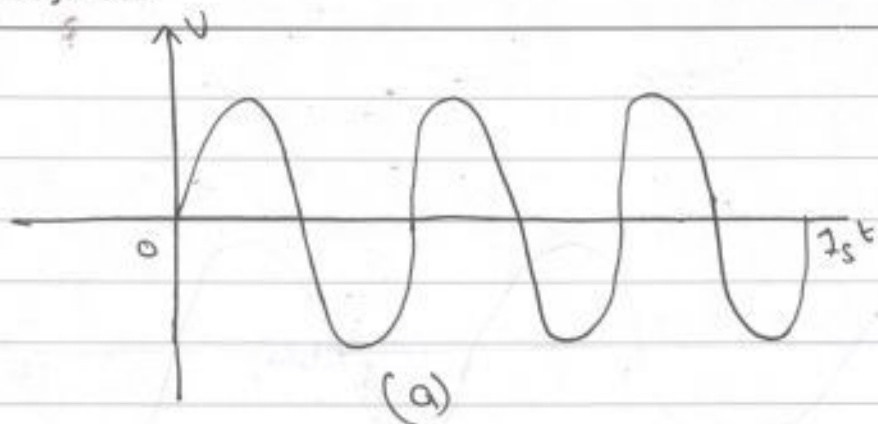
5 cycles

$$\frac{12}{5} \Rightarrow 2.4 \text{ secs}$$

EXAMPLE #2:-

Which sine wave shown below has a higher frequency? Determine the frequency and the period of both waveforms.

Day/Date



Solⁿ

→ The sine wave in (b) has ~~more~~ ^{higher} frequency because it completes more cycles in 1s than does the sine ~~wave~~ wave in (a).

→ In fig (a), three cycles are completed in 1s; therefore
 $f = 3\text{Hz}$

→ One cycle takes 0.333s (one-third second), so the period is

$$T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 333\text{ms}$$

→ In fig (b), five cycles are completed in 1s; therefore
 $f = 5\text{Hz}$

→ $T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{5} \Rightarrow 200\text{ms}$.

EXAMPLE #3:-

A four-pole generator has a rotation speed of 100 rps.
Determine the frequency of the output voltage:-

Sol

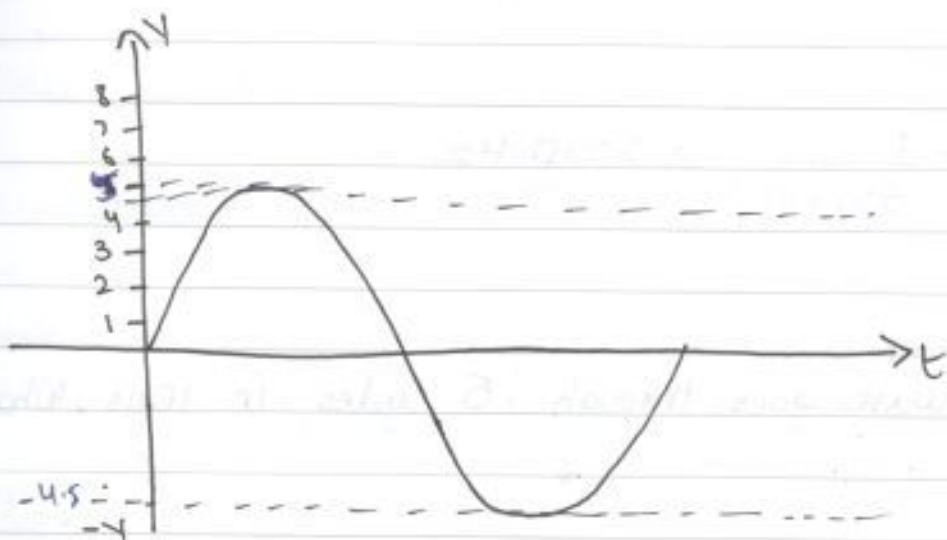
$$f = (\text{number of pole pairs}) (\text{rps})$$

~~$$= 2(100) \Rightarrow$$~~

$$= 2(100 \text{ rps}) \Rightarrow 200 \text{ Hz.}$$

EXAMPLE #4:-

Determine V_p , V_{pp} , V_{rms} and the half cycle V_{avg} for the sine wave shown below:



Sol

$$V_p = 4.5 \text{ V} \text{ - read directly from the graph.}$$

$$V_{pp} = 2V_p = 2(4.5) \Rightarrow 9 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{rms} = 0.707V_p = 0.707(4.5 \text{ V}) \Rightarrow 3.18 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{avg} = 0.637V_p = 0.637(4.5 \text{ V}) \Rightarrow 2.87 \text{ V.}$$

Day/Date

EXERCISE PROBLEMS

THE SINUSOIDAL WAVEFORMS

Q₁:- Calculate the frequency for each of the following values of period:-

a) 0.2s

Solⁿ

$$F = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.2s} \Rightarrow 5\text{Hz}$$



b) 500 μs

Solⁿ

$$f = \frac{1}{500 \times 10^{-6}} \Rightarrow 2000\text{ Hz}$$

Q₂:- A sine wave goes through 5 cycles in 10 μs. What is its period?

Solⁿ

$$T = \frac{10\ \mu\text{s}}{5\ \text{cycles}} \Rightarrow 2\ \mu\text{s}$$

SINUSOIDAL VOLTAGE SOURCES

Q3:- The conductive loop on the rotor of a simple two-pole, single-phase generator rotates at a rate of 250 rps. What is the frequency of the induced output voltage?

Solⁿ

Two-pole single-phase

rate = 250 rps

$f = ?$

$$f = 250 \text{ rps} \underline{\text{ans}}$$

As frequency is directly proportional to the rate of rotation. As it is single phase then one cycle is one revolution.

SINUSOIDAL VOLTAGE & CURRENT WAVES

Q4:- A sinusoidal current has an rms value of 5mA. Determine the following values:-

a) I_p , peak?

Solⁿ

$$I_{\text{rms}} = 5 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_p = ?$$

$$I_{\text{rms}} = 0.707 I_p$$

$$I_p = 1.414 I_{\text{rms}}$$

$$= 1.414 (5 \text{ mA}) \Rightarrow 7.07 \text{ mA}$$

Day/Date

b) $I_{avg} = ?$

Soln-

$$I_{avg} = 0.637 I_p$$

$$= 0.637 (7.07 \text{ mA}) \Rightarrow 4.5 \text{ mA, half cycle average value}$$

c) $I_{pp} = ?$

Soln

$$I_{pp} = 2.828 I_{rms}$$

$$= 2.828 (5 \text{ mA})$$

$$I_{pp} \Rightarrow 14.14 \text{ mA}$$