

Properties of the Discrete Time Fourier Transform

Section	Property	Aperiodic Signal	Fourier Transform
		$x[n]$	$X(e^{j\omega})$
		$y[n]$	$Y(e^{j\omega})$
5.3.2	Linearity	$ax[n] + by[n]$	$aX(e^{j\omega}) + bY(e^{j\omega})$
5.3.3	Time Shifting	$x[n - n_0]$	$e^{-j\omega n_0} X(e^{j\omega})$
5.3.3	Frequency Shifting	$e^{j\omega_0 n} x[n]$	$X(e^{j(\omega - \omega_0)})$
5.3.4	Conjugation	$x^*[n]$	$X^*(e^{-j\omega})$
5.3.6	Time Reversal	$x[-n]$	$X(e^{-j\omega})$
5.3.7	Time Expansion	$x_{(k)}[n] = \begin{cases} x[n/k], & \text{if } n = \text{multiple of } k \\ 0, & \text{if } n \neq \text{multiple of } k \end{cases}$	$X(e^{jk\omega})$
5.4	Convolution	$x[n] * y[n]$	$X(e^{j\omega})Y(e^{j\omega})$
5.5	Multiplication	$x[n]y[n]$	$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\theta})Y(e^{j(\omega - \theta)})d\theta$
5.3.5	Differencing in Time	$x[n] - x[n - 1]$	$(1 - e^{-j\omega})X(e^{j\omega})$
5.3.5	Accumulation	$\sum_{k=-\infty}^n x[k]$	$\frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} X(e^{j\omega})$
5.3.8	Differentiation in Frequency	$nx[n]$	$j \frac{dX(e^{j\omega})}{d\omega}$
5.3.4	Conjugate Symmetry for Real Signals	$x[n]$ real	$\begin{cases} X(e^{j\omega}) = X^*(e^{-j\omega}) \\ \Re\{X(e^{j\omega})\} = \Re\{X(e^{-j\omega})\} \\ \Im\{X(e^{j\omega})\} = -\Im\{X(e^{-j\omega})\} \\ X(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{-j\omega}) \\ \angle X(e^{j\omega}) = -\angle X(e^{-j\omega}) \end{cases}$
5.3.4	Symmetry for Real, Even Signals	$x[n]$ real and even	$X(e^{j\omega})$ real and even
5.3.4	Symmetry for Real, Odd Signals	$x[n]$ real and odd	$X(e^{j\omega})$ purely imaginary and odd
5.3.4	Even-odd Decomposition of Real Signals	$x_e[n] = \mathcal{E}\{x[n]\}$ $\{x[n] \text{ real}\}$ $x_o[n] = \mathcal{O}\{x[n]\}$ $\{x[n] \text{ real}\}$	$\Re\{X(e^{j\omega})\}$ $j\Im\{X(e^{j\omega})\}$
5.3.9	Parseval's Relation for Aperiodic Signals		
		$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] ^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) ^2 d\omega$	

Basic Pairs of Discrete Time Fourier Transform

Signal	Fourier Transform	Fourier Series Coefficients (if periodic)
$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk2\pi n/N}$	$2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N}\right)$	a_k
$e^{j\omega_0 n}$	$2\pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - \omega_0 - 2\pi l)$	(a) $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi m}{h}$ $a_k = \begin{cases} 1, & k = m, m \pm N, m \pm 2N, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (b) $\frac{\omega_0}{2\pi}$ irrational \Rightarrow The signal is aperiodic
$\cos \omega_0 n$	$\pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \{\delta(\omega - \omega_0 - 2\pi l) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0 - 2\pi l)\}$	(a) $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi m}{h}$ $a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & k = \pm m, \pm m \pm N, \pm m \pm 2N, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (b) $\frac{\omega_0}{2\pi}$ irrational \Rightarrow The signal is aperiodic
$\sin \omega_0 n$	$\frac{\pi}{j} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \{\delta(\omega - \omega_0 - 2\pi l) - \delta(\omega + \omega_0 - 2\pi l)\}$	(a) $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi r}{h}$ $a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2j}, & k = r, r \pm N, r \pm 2N, \dots \\ -\frac{1}{2j}, & k = -r, -r \pm N, -r \pm 2N, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (b) $\frac{\omega_0}{2\pi}$ irrational \Rightarrow The signal is aperiodic
$x[n] = 1$	$2\pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - 2\pi l)$	$a_k = \begin{cases} 1, & k = 0, \pm N, \pm 2N, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
Periodic square wave $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n < N_1 \\ 0, & N_1 < n \leq N/2 \end{cases}$ and $x[n + N] = x[n]$	$2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N}\right)$	$a_k = \frac{\sin[(2\pi k/N)(N_1 + \frac{1}{2})]}{N \sin[2\pi k/2N]}, k \neq 0, \pm N, \pm 2N,$ $a_k = \frac{2N_1 + 1}{N}, k = 0, \pm N, \pm 2N,$
$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n - kN]$	$\frac{2\pi}{N} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N}\right)$	$a_k = \frac{1}{N}$ for all k
$a^n u[n], a < 1$	$\frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\omega}}$	-
$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n \leq N_1 \\ 0, & n > N_1 \end{cases}$	$\frac{\sin[\omega(N_1 + \frac{1}{2})]}{\sin(\omega/2)}$	-
$\frac{e^{-j\omega W} - 1}{-j\omega} = \frac{W}{\omega} \text{sinc}\left(\frac{W\omega}{\pi}\right)$ $0 < W < \pi$	$X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq \omega \leq W \\ 0, & W < \omega \leq \pi \end{cases}$ $X(\omega)$ periodic with period 2π	-
$\delta[n]$	1	-

$u[n]$	$\frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \pi \delta(\omega - 2\pi k)$	—
$\delta[n - n_0]$	$e^{-j\omega n_0}$	—
$(n + 1)a^n u[n], \quad a < 1$	$\frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^2}$	—
$\frac{(n + r - 1)!}{n!(r - 1)!} a^n u[n], \quad a < 1$	$\frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^r}$	—